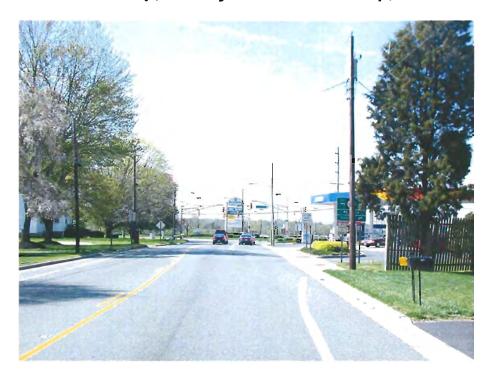
South Jersey Transportation Planning Organization 2005 Road Safety Audit

Hook Road (CR 551)
Pennsville Township, Carney's Point Township, Salem County



Prepared By:



Orth-Rodgers & Associates, Inc. 810 Bear Tavern Road, Suite 307 West Trenton, NJ 08628

In Association with:



June 14, 2005

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A-TECH Engineering Inc. 3739 N. Delsea Drive Vineland, NJ 08360

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Introduction

The South Jersey Transportation Planning Organization (SJTPO) has retained Orth-Rodgers & Associates, Inc. (ORA) to conduct their 2005 Road Safety Audit (RSA) of five sections of roadway in southern New Jersey. The sections of roadways to be studied were selected by SJTPO based on a number of factors considered important to the safety and future development of the roadways. Among the factors considered were crash data, traffic volume growth, local cooperation and control, and recent and future development along the roadway. State highways were excluded from the process. County and local officials cooperated with SJTPO in identifying roads that meet these parameters. The selection process is detailed in a report prepared by SJTPO dated November 29, 2004.

Two of the roadways are located in Atlantic County, one is in Cumberland County and two are in Salem County. The five roadway sections are:

- English Creek Road (CR 575) between Ocean Heights Avenue (CR 559A) and Delilah Road (CR 646), in the Township of Egg Harbor, Atlantic County.
- 2. Delilah Road (CR 646) between the Airport Circle (at Tilton Road, CR 563) and US Route 9 in the Township of Egg Harbor and the City of Pleasantville, Atlantic County.
- Third Street, Wheaton Avenue, and South Main Road (CR 555) between Main Street (Millville) and Sherman Avenue, in the Cities of Millville and Vineland, Cumberland County.
- 4. Hook Road (CR 551) between Route 49 and US Route 40 in the Townships of Pennsville and Carneys Point, Salem County.
- 5. Richwood Road (CR 609), Swedesboro Road (CR 666), and Monroeville Road (CR 604) in the Township of Upper Pittsgrove, Salem County.



Each road will have a separate report, but will share the same introduction, background section, format and some text.

Safety audits serve to address safe operation of roadways and to ensure a high level of safety for all road users. The process of a safety audit is two-fold: 1) to conduct a formal examination of highway features and the surrounding environment that increase the potential for crashes; and, 2) identify countermeasures that will reduce or (eliminate) the probability of such crashes. According to the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), the formal definition of a road safety audit is as follows:

"A Road Safety Audit is the formal examination of an existing or future roadway or traffic project by an independent team of trained specialists."

To accomplish these goals, the audit team assesses the crash potential and safety performance of a roadway and prepares a report that documents the safety deficiencies and appropriate countermeasures. Safety audits are especially important during the design phase of a project as they can identify deficiencies before they are built into the project and propose cost-effective safety improvements that can be adopted from the onset. Project managers can then evaluate, select, and justify appropriate project changes within the constraints of budget, time and policy issues.

The purpose of this audit is to identify potential safety deficiencies along the selected section of five roads. There are three primary parts of the audit: 1) the data collection phase; 2) the field view (conducted by the team); and, 3) the preparation of the report and findings.

The data collection phase is performed prior to the audit team conducting a field view of the entire roadway. The data is intended to assist the team in identifying potential safety problems, as well as to provide a factual and historic component of the study. Traffic count and crash data

¹ Federal Highway Administration, Road Safety Audits and Road Safety Audit Reviews, EDL #12345 FHWA XX-03-999

are collected, an inventory of the traffic control devices is taken, and a capacity analysis of major intersections is performed. The traffic counts were used to analyze solutions for the intersections, as well as aid in identifying the most congested sections of the roads. The crash data assisted the team in identifying specific areas and/or conditions that warrant close scrutiny that might have otherwise been overlooked. The inventory of traffic control devices, in addition to documenting what traffic control devices were present before the audit began, often provides clues to safety issues that have been identified or experienced in the past. The capacity analysis of intersections identify how well the intersections are operating and when and where improvements may be needed. Based on an analysis of all data, the audit team can conduct a productive and comprehensive evaluation of the roads being studied.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

A kick-off meeting was held on March 17, 2005, at the County courthouse in the City of Salem. This meeting featured a presentation by ORA to provide a forum to educate attendees on core elements of the RSA process such as:

- 1. Definition What is involved in the typical safety audit and how it differs from other safety review measures currently in use.
- 2. Process The required steps involved in a successful audit and the reasons the steps are required.
- 3. Lessons learned from previous audits.
- 4. The Draft & Final Report What to expect.

The kick-off meeting also facilitated the exchange of ideas among attendees. The attendees displayed a genuine interest in safer roadways and more specifically an interest in participating in this audit. A typical audit team is comprised of three to five members. ORA chose to have a larger than usual audit team for this project for the following reasons:

- There was a wealth of experience that could be tapped into.
- The team did not want to discourage <u>any</u> effort towards achieving a safer roadway environment.
- It is hoped that greater participation will increase the likelihood that the findings of the team would be implemented.

At the end of the kick-off meeting, the RSA was scheduled for April 26, 2005, commencing at 9:00 AM. The attendees at the kick-off meeting are listed below.

KICK-OFF MEETING ATTENDEES:

Name	Agency
Scott Oplinger	NJDOT Division of Safety and Traffic Engineering
Bill Schiavi	SJTPO
Rosemarie Anderson	DVRPC
Karen Yunk	FHWA
Sgt. S. Ware	Vineland Police Department
Charles Munyon	Salem County Planning Board
John J. Petersack	NJDOT Planning
Bill Miller	Salem County Engineering
Joe Federici	Salem County Engineering
Chuck Sullivan	Salem County
Ron Harvey	Millville Police
Matt Rabbai	Millville Police
Jack Lynch	Pennsville Township
Ed O'Connor	NJDHTS
Mike Barruzza	CC Sheriff's Department
Bill Garrison	CC Sheriff's Department
Richard Jones	Millville Engineering Department
Karl Gleissner	Cumberland County Planning
Ron Groshardt	Cumberland County Engineering
Richard Tesanro	NJSP Woodstown
Jeff Ridgway	Salem City
Ted Vengenock	Salem County Sheriff's Department
Sean H. Phillips	Salem County Sheriff's Department
Robert Brewn	Cumberland County Planning Department
Don Chafin	Pennsville Police
Jack Cimprich	Upper Pittsgrove Township
Barry Foote	Upper Pittsgrove Public Works
Norman Deitch	Orth-Rodgers & Associates, Inc.
George Strathern	Orth-Rodgers & Associates, Inc.

HOOK ROAD

Hook Road (CR 551) is an existing roadway that is under the jurisdictional control of Salem County. It is designated as a south-north road. The section being audited is a major connector roadway between Route 49 and RT 40, I-295, and the New Jersey Turnpike. It is an approximately 40 foot wide roadway with what appears to be 12 lanes and 8 foot shoulders along it's entire length except at it's approach to Rt 49 where it is flared to provide a left turn lane and a shared through and right turn lane. The only traffic signal in the study area is at the southern terminus of the road where it intersects with Route 49. That traffic signal is under the jurisdiction of the NJDOT. Development along the road is best described as rural residential. Local officials stated that the roadway is not just used on a daily basis by local and county residents, but also by motorists going to and from the recreational shore area. There is not a major traffic generator on the road. The speed limit along the road is 50 MPH from Rt 49 to the vicinity of Pittsfield Road, 45 MPH from the vicinity of Pittsfield Road to the vicinity of Beaver Ave, 50 MPH from the vicinity of Beaver Road to the vicinity of Churchtown Road and 45 MPH on the remainder of the road. There is a shopping center at the southern terminus of the study section. A 376,000-square-foot Super Walmart shopping center is proposed along Rt 49 just south of the existing shopping center. The traffic impact study for this development is recommending that the shared through and right turn lane along the Hook Road approach to Rt 49 be revised to a shared left turn, through and right turn lane. That same study is projecting the development to generate 459 trips on Hook Road during the Saturday peak hour (11:30 AM-12: 30 PM) and 338 trips during the weekday peak hour (4:00 PM-5:00 PM). The road surface, the signing and pavement markings along the road were observed to be in good condition. Corner sight distance at intersections was also observed to be good with trees and other growth trimmed or cutback.

The following sections describe the various tasks undertaken by ORA in partnership with the Safety Audit Team and summarize the findings from the audit process in a manner that will allow the responsible agencies and personnel to prioritize implementation of safety enhancements.

Pre-Audit Data Collection and Analysis

Prior to the audit activities on site, ORA collected and reviewed traffic data and other related materials in order to assist the team in conducting the audit. A description of the materials that were reviewed is provided below.

1. Aerial Photos

Aerial photographs of the study section, scaled at approximately 1"=300' were printed and used as reference at the kick-off and audit meetings.

2. Straight Line Plan

The straight line diagram was used as a base for 1"=400' straight line plans of the study section of the road. The crash data, traffic counts, and inventory of traffic control devices were shown on these plans for use at the audit and for the final report.

3. Traffic Volume Data

In a conversation with Salem County representatives, it was agreed that AM (7:00-9:00 AM) and PM (4:00-6:00 PM) peak hour manual counts would be taken at the Pittsfield Road intersection. An ATR count was also taken along the road north of Pittsfield Road. No other counts were deemed necessary.

Because of the very light volumes counted along the Pittsfield Road approaches it was not necessary to perform a HCS analysis of the intersection.

4. Crash Data

SJTPO received and forwarded to ORA the crash reports from the Pennsville Township Police Department for the years 2001, 2002, and 2003. On May 5, 2005, Sgt. Chatin provided crash data for the year 2004. Summary sheets were prepared for each of the four years, as well as a summary sheet for the four-year period. For the four-year period, a total of 172 crashes were plotted for the study section of road. Thirty-eight (38) crashes occurred in 2001, 38 in 2002, 55 in 2003 and 41 in 2004.

The type of crashes are characterized as follows:

0-fatal crashes

43- injury crashes

129-non-injury crashes

27 – right-angle type crashes – five (5) at the Sunoco Gas Station driveway, three (3) at RT 49, two (2) at Mahoney Road, five (5) at Pittsfield Road, four (4) at Churchtown Road. No other concentrations.

50 – **same-direction type crashes** – five (5) at the Sunoco gas station driveway, 14 at Rt 49, four (4)at Churchtown Road. No other concentrations.

- 33 fixed-object type crashes No concentration.
- 4 head on type crashes No concentrations.
- 2 side swipe type crash.
- 9 left-turn type crashes No concentrations.
- 44 other type crashes, including 24 struck deer.

An extensive review of the crashes established the following:

- The critical months for crashes were January and November. It is surprising to see that the number of crashes in July and August were significantly lower than the number of crashes in other months when the locals officials stated that the route is used by traffic going to and from the recreational shore area.
- The highest frequency of crashes occurred on Fridays.
- The highest frequency of crashes occurred between 3:00-4:00 PM.
- The percentage of crashes during hours of darkness (35%) is higher than the statewide average for county roads (approximately 28%). The roadway is generally well lit and the pavement markings and signing are in good condition.
- The percentage of crashes for wet surface conditions (22%) is consistent with the statewide average for county roads (approximately 21%). The percentage of crashes with snowy or icy surface conditions (14%) is higher than the statewide average for county roads (approximately 6.9%). It was ascertained during the audit that the county is now installing snow fence in open areas along the road during the winter months to control snow drifting.
- The percentage of crashes with injuries (25%) is lower than the statewide average for county roads (approximately 30%).
- The percentage of same directional crashes (29%) is consistent with the statewide average for county roads (approximately 29%).
- The percentage of left-turn crashes (5%) is consistent with the statewide average for county roads (approximately 6%).
- The percentage of fixed-object type crashes (19%) is higher than the statewide average for county roads (approximately 12%).

5. Other Information

Additional materials reviewed by ORA prior to the formal audit process included videotapes



from pre-audit field views and the traffic signal plan and timing for the Rt 49 signalized intersection.

Materials listed above are included in the Appendix.

Audit

On April 26, 2005, the Safety Audit Team met in the F.O.P. building in Pennsville to formally conduct the roadway inspection. The meeting commenced at 9:00 AM with brief statements by ORA representatives who reiterated the importance of RSAs and outlined the objectives of the safety audit. There were brief introductions by team members followed by an extensive review and discussion of materials described in the previous section. The team then walked to the Rt 49 and Hook Road intersection to begin the audit. Salem County provided a van for the team. Team members are listed below.

SAFETY AUDIT TEAM FOR HOOK ROAD

Name	Agency
Joe Federici	Salem County Engineer
Don Chafin	Pennsville Police Department
Nichole Jacobs	NJDOT - Traffic Engineering & Investigations
Bill Miller	Salem County Engineering
Norman Deitch	Orth-Rodgers & Associates, Inc.
Karen Yunk	FHWA
Bill Schiavi	SJTPO
George Strathern	Orth-Rodgers & Associates, Inc.
Charles Munyan	Salem County Planning Board

The team began at RT 49 and walked to Pittsfield Road before breaking for lunch. After lunch, the team resumed the audit beginning at the I-295 ramps and walked south to Pittsfield Road.

During the walk, team members identified features on the roadway and its surrounding environment that could contribute to the occurrence or relative severity of roadway crashes. At each intersection and mid-block location, the Audit Team identified safety deficiencies and inappropriate traffic signs and other items that are not consistent with effective road function

and use. A variety of safety improvement measures were discussed with field notes and digital photographs being taken by team members.

At the completion of the audit, the team leader recapped the findings of the audit with the team. The team leader informed other team members on the next step in the audit process; ORA will prepare a draft report summarizing the findings from the audit process and forward the report to all team members for their review and comments.

Sgt. Don Chafin, Bill Schiavi, Norm Deitch and George Strathern conducted a night audit on May 5, 2005. The goal was to check the retroreflectivity of the street signs, pavement markings, and condition of the raised pavement markers (RPMs). In addition, the need for street lighting was checked and lights adjacent to the roadway on private property were checked to ensure that they did not create bright areas that could distract drivers. The team also looked for issues that would only be apparent during hours of darkness, such as clearly defined roadway alignment, signal indication visibility conflicts, ineffective street lighting, etc.

The next section of the report summarizes the findings from the roadway inspection.

Findings

The findings from the Hook Road safety audit are presented on the following pages.

			LEVEL OF	F EFFORT F	EQUIRED	POTENTI	AL SAFETY	BENEFIT
	SAFETY ISSUE	REMEDIAL ACTION	LOW	MEDIUM	HIGH	LOW	MEDIUM	HIGH
1	NJDOT. The signal installation appears to conform to the current standards of the MUTCD. It was ascertained from the DOT that a Super Walmart and Home Depot is being developed along the west side of RT 49 just south of the existing shopping center at the intersection. In conjunction with this development the traffic consultant for the developer is proposing that the lane configuration along the Hook Road	driveways. Although specific conclusions were not reached as to what action should be taken to improve the crash experience it was the consensus of the team that consideration should be give to prohibiting some if not all of the left turns into and out of the driveways. The options should be examined in more detail. Prohibiting the left turn from one of the driveways onto Hook Road was also discussed in detail. It is felt that the increased traffic generated by the Super Walmart development and the revised lane configuration may exasperate the crash			X			X
2		Remove sign. Install appropriate turn prohibition signs if it is decided to prohibit turns into the driveway.	x			x		
3	Route 49 and Hook Road – Some of the painted crosswalks direct pedestrians into a vertical curb several feet from the depressed handicap ramps.	The NJDOT should be requested to remove and repaint the crosswalks in their proper locations.	X			x		

			LEVEL O	F EFFORT I	REQUIRED	POTENTI	AL SAFETY	BENEFIT
	SAFETY ISSUE	REMEDIAL ACTION	LOW	MEDIUM	HIGH	LOW	MEDIUM	HIGH
4	Improperly mounted mailboxes are commonplace along the roadway. Mailboxes are either installed on non-breakaway posts, on horizontal members, or both. If struck, they could cause significant, needless damage and injuries. The location of improperly installed boxes are listed below:	Possibly working with the local postmaster, those identified property owners could be requested to remount the boxes on 4"x4" posts, or approved postal service supports.						
	On northbound side of road just north of Rt 49, mailboxes installed on post with horizontal member.							
	On corner of Winslow Road, mailbox installed on 6"x6" post.							
	Along the northbound side of road approximately 1,200 feet north of Winslow Road, mailbox installed on concrete filled pipe.							
	Brick mailbox along the northbound side of the road, in front of #120, has recently been hit by a vehicle.							
	Mailbox installed on cut-off utility pole, in front of Associated Printers, a #23.	t						
	Along the southbound side of the road mailbox at #103 is installed on 6"x8" post.	,						
	Along the northbound side of road, opposite Lee Road, six mailboxes are installed on horizontal member.							

			LEVEL O	F EFFORT R	EQUIRED	POTENTI	AL SAFETY	BENEFIT
	SAFETY ISSUE	REMEDIAL ACTION	LOW	MEDIUM	HIGH	LOW	MEDIUM	HIGH
4	(continued)							
	On southbound side of road at #159, mailbox is installed on pipe.							
	 Along southbound side of road in front of #243, mailbox installed on 6"x6" post. 							
	• Along the southbound side of road at #307, mailbox has I-beam post and horizontal member.							
	 Along the northbound side, #334 mailbox installed with horizontal member. 							
	 Along the northbound side, #340 mailbox is installed on concrete filled pipe with horizontal angle iron. 							
	• Along the northbound side of the road in front of #342 (approx. 100 feet south of King Street), mailboxes have horizontal angle iron support.							

			LEVEL O	F EFFORT F	REQUIRED	POTENTI	AL SAFETY	BENEFIT
	SAFETY ISSUE	REMEDIAL ACTION	LOW	MEDIUM	HIGH	LOW	MEDIUM	HIGH
5	Hook Road passing zone begins very close to the Rt 49 intersection.	Consideration should be given to extending the existing northbound no passing zone beginning at RT 49 to the end of the solid yellow approaching the intersection for southbound traffic.	x			x		
6	White on green guide sign for RT 49-Salem -Pennsville facing southbound traffic approaching RT 49 obstructed by utility pole and tree.	Relocate sign to un-obstructed location.	x			x		
7	There is an over representation of fixed object type crashes. A review of the police reports revealed several motorists admitting to falling asleep as the cause of the crash	Possible corrective actions were discussed in detail. The Team agreed that some type of shoulder rumble strip similar to that which the NJDOT installs for the interstate highways should be considered for the more sparsely developed sections of the road.	ı		X			x
8	It was also suggested by team members that putting reflectors on the utility poles which line the road may help alleviate the night time fixed object type crashes, or at least help a motorist who has left the road at night avoid the pole.	Consideration should be given to developing a program with the utility companies to install reflectors on utility poles that are a constant distance off of the road. The poles become the roadside support system for the delineators.		x			x	
9	General Comment. Existing inlets not bicycle safe	Consideration should be given to replacing all inlets with bicycle safe inlets.		X		x		

			LEVEL OI	EFFORT F	REQUIRED	POTENTI	AL SAFETY	BENEFIT
	SAFETY ISSUE	REMEDIAL ACTION	LOW	MEDIUM	HIGH	Low	MEDIUM	HIGH
10	There is an over representation of struck deer type crashes on the road.	Consideration should be give to installing additional deer crossing warning signs at locations that can be identified to have frequent deer crossings. The vicinity of Sinnickson Lane is a location for consideration.	X				х	
11	There is a headwall along both sides of the road approximately 600 feet south of Sinnickson Lane that appears to be a warranted obstruction.	Consideration should be given to the installation of guide rail.	X			x		
12	There is a concrete fence post along the southbound side of road opposite Winslow Road.	Contact property owner to remove fence post.	x			X		
13	There is no luminare at the Winslow Road intersection.	Consideration should be given to installing a luminare at the intersection.		x			x	
14	A large sign for the M&M Hunting Preserve along the northbound side of road just north of Winslow Road appears to be non-breakaway.	Contact property owner to drill sign posts to breakaway standard.	x				х	
15	Cross drain with flared section along the southbound side of road approximately 1000 feet north of Winslow Road by fenced in pasture with assorted animals.	Consideration should be given to the installation of guide rail.	x			х		

							AL SAFETY	
16	SAFETY ISSUE Concrete fence posts along the southbound side of road approximately 1000 feet and 1200 feet north of Winslow Road.	REMEDIAL ACTION Contact property owner to remove fence posts.	X	MEDIUM	HIGH	X	MEDIUM	HIGH
17	Sign for the Moose Lodge at # 2376 appears to be non-breakaway.	Contact property owner to drill post to breakaway standard.	x			X		
18	Mahoney Road: • Finger island has no signing and has numerous tire tracks over it.	Install "KEEP RIGHT" signs on both ends of finger island.		X			X	
	• Stop sign on the approach obstructs visibility of large arrow sign on top of intersection.	Relocate large arrow sign approximately 10						
		Consideration should be given to redesigning the intersection with smaller radii that will eliminate the need for the finger island.			X	x		
19		Consideration be given to the installation of guide rail at this location.		x			X	
20	Bus Shelter along the northbound side of road just north of Five Star Rentals no longer used. Potential fixed object.	Remove shelter and concrete slab/footings.		x			x	

			LEVEL O	F EFFORT I	REQUIRED	POTENTI	AL SAFETY	BENEFIT
	SAFETY ISSUE	REMEDIAL ACTION	LOW	MEDIUM	HIGH	LOW	MEDIUM	HIGH
21	Bus Shelter along the southbound side of road approximately 200 feet north of Five Star Rentals no longer used. Potential fixed object.	Remove shelter and concrete slab/footings.		X			X	
22	Cross road warning signs installed along both northbound and southbound approaches to Pittsfield Road.	Install street name plates below signs.	x			x		
23	Pittsfield Road- This is a cross type intersection with stop signs installed on the Pittsfield Road approaches. This intersection experienced five right angle type crashes and two crashes involving a southbound left turning vehicle being struck by a northbound vehicle. Local members of the team feel that motorist observance of the stop control is good. They attribute the crashes to Pittsfield Road traffic miss- judging the speed of traffic on the Hook Road approaches. It was the consensus of the team that the installation of a flashing signal should be considered for the intersection. Although volumes on Pittsfield Road are low it is the only full cross intersection along the road and the longest intersecting road. It connects to RT 49 and has the potential of carrying higher volumes in the future as the area develops.	Consideration be given to installing a flashing signal at the intersection. Install new stop signs at intersection.		x				x

	-		LEVEL O	F EFFORT I	REQUIRED	POTENTI	AL SAFETY	BENEFIT
	SAFETY ISSUE	REMEDIAL ACTION	LOW	MEDIUM	HIGH	LOW	MEDIUM	HIGH
24	Pittsfield Road intersection-corner sight distance across southwest and southeast corners somewhat restricted.	Selectively trim trees and other vegetation on corners to ensure adequate sight distance.	x				X	
25	Swale along the northbound side of road between Pittsfield Road and the Crossroads Community Church. Head wall in same area.	Consideration should be give to installing guiderail.		x				х
26	Type "B" inlet without curb on northwest corner of intersection and another along the southbound side of road approximately 330 feet south of intersection.	Replace with bicycle safe inlet and install curbing.		x			х	
27	Erie Avenue- Stop sign and post worn.	Replace sign and post.	x				X	
28	Empty fence post along the northbound side of road approximately 700 feet south of Beaver Avenue.	Remove post	x			x		
29	stalls are painted in its' parking lot so that	Contact property owner to install parking blocks or otherwise revise parking so that sight distance is not obstructed and the sidewalk area (by statue) is free of parked vehicles.	x				x	

			LEVEL O	F EFFORT I	REQUIRED	POTENTI	AL SAFETY	BENEFIT
	SAFETY ISSUE	REMEDIAL ACTION	LOW	MEDIUM	HIGH	LOW	MEDIUM	HIGH
30	Lee Road- Stop sign worn and post bent.	Replace both sign and post.	X			X		
31	Swale along southbound side of road approximately 1000 feet north of George Drive.	Consideration should be given to installing guide rail.			X		x	
32	Mailbox along southbound side of road in front of #243 installed on 6" x 6' post.		X			X		
33	Chain link fence with top stiffing member 6 feet behind shoulder in front of #245.	Consider contacting property owner regarding removing stiffing member.	X				X	
34	Sign post along the northbound side of road opposite # 289 with wooden arrow sign.	Remove sign and post.	X			X		
35	Along the southbound side of road in front of #289 a pipe with electrical fixture mounted on top. Possible fixed object.	Contact property owner regarding removing post and fixture.	x			X		
36	There is a side road warning sign along the southbound side of road approaching Churchtown Road	Install street name plate below sign.	X			X		
37	Stop sign on Dunlap Ave. worn.	Replace sign	X				x	
38	Steel sign support for Uncle Teddy's custard approximately 5 feet behind curb on northeast corner of Orange Street.	Consideration should be given to contacting property owner to remove sign.	X				x	
39	Boulders behind curb at #340. Potential fixed object.	Contact property owner to remove boulders farther from road out of clear zone.	X			X		

			LEVEL O	F EFFORT F	REQUIRED	POTENTL	AL SAFETY	BENEFIT
	SAFETY ISSUE	REMEDIAL ACTION	LOW	MEDIUM	HIGH	LOW	MEDIUM	HIGH
40	Boulders approximately 4 feet behind curb at #342. Potential fixed object.	Contact property owner to remove boulders farther from road out of clear zone.	X			X		
41	Stop sign on the King Street approach is worn.	Replace sign.	X			Х		
42	Stop sign on the Humphreys Avenue approach is worn.	Replace sign.	X			X		
43	There is a crossroad warning sign along the southbound side of road approaching Humphreys Avenue.	Install street nameplate below sign.	х			X		
44	Concrete bollards along northbound side of road approximately 1000 feet south of Glenside Ave (blue house). Potential fixed object.	Contact property owner to remove bollards.	x			x		
45	Concrete bollards on southwest corner of Glenside Avenue near driveway. Potential fixed object.	Contact property owner to remove bollards.	x			x		

			LEVEL OI	F EFFORT F	REQUIRED	POTENTI	AL SAFETY	BENEFIT
	SAFETY ISSUE	REMEDIAL ACTION	LOW	MEDIUM	HIGH	LOW	MEDIUM	HIGH
46		Replace Signal Ahead sign.	x			X		
		Consideration should be given to installing additional lighting in the area south of Sinnickson Lane.		x			х	

Recommendations

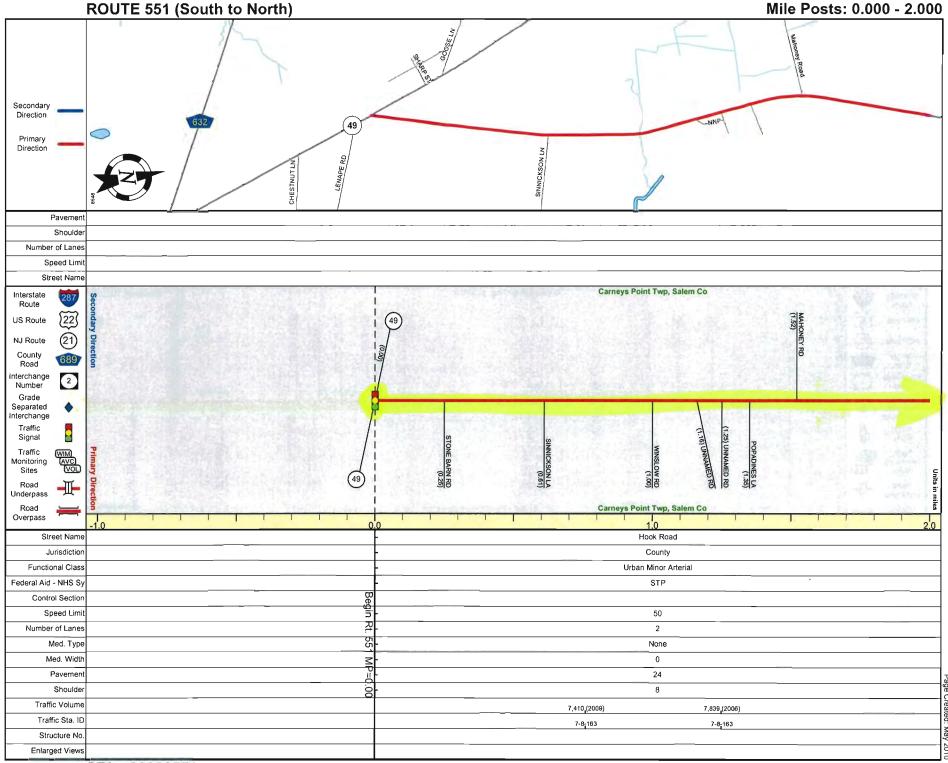
As stated earlier, the intent of the road safety audit process is to conduct a formal examination of highway features and surrounding environment that increase the potential for crashes and identify countermeasures that will reduce (or eliminate) the probability of such crashes. The safety issues identified during the conduct of this audit and included in this report have been organized to provide the convenience and flexibility necessary to allow the implementation of the safety improvements as time and budget limitations allow. To the extent possible, the findings have been separated into line items so that the improvements can be implemented independently as appropriate. Clearly, consolidating a number of the safety recommendations will reduce the overall cost of improvements. We recommend that the appropriate management staff review the findings and decide which items can be completed in the immediate future (within 1 year). Many of the deficiencies can be corrected in the short term if the roadway owners dedicate both the time and financial resources to the task. The Level of Effort (an estimate of expenditures and man hours) indicated on the finding sheets of the report represent the team's best effort at categorizing each item.

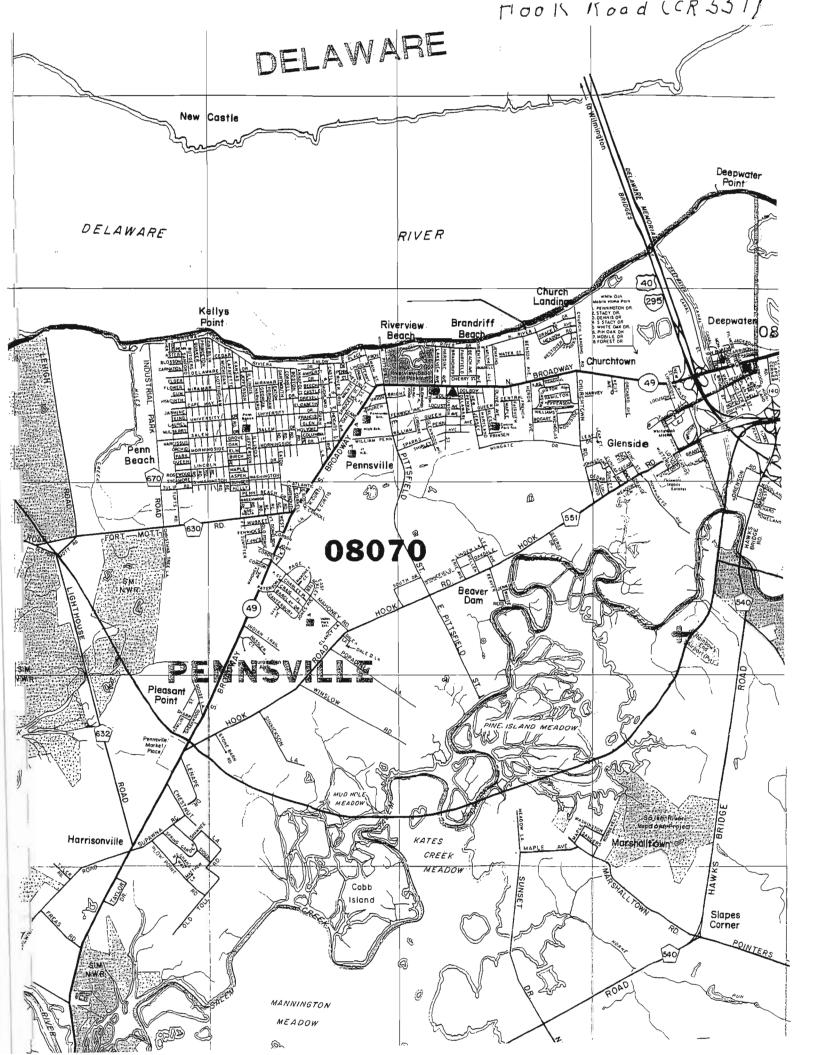
It is felt that addressing solutions for the crash experience at the Sunoco Gas Station driveway (Item #1), the installation of shoulder rumble strips along the more sparsely developed sections of the road (Item #7), and the installation of a flashing signal at the intersection of Pittsfield Road (Item #23) will have the most significant impact upon the crash experience along the road. Additionally, the swale along the northbound side of the road between Pittsfield Road and the Crossroad Community Church (Item#25) is considered to be a significant safety deficiency. We acknowledge that installing a shoulder rumble strip on other then limited access road is very unusual and may require a special design. This is a matter that may require further research before implementation can be considered.

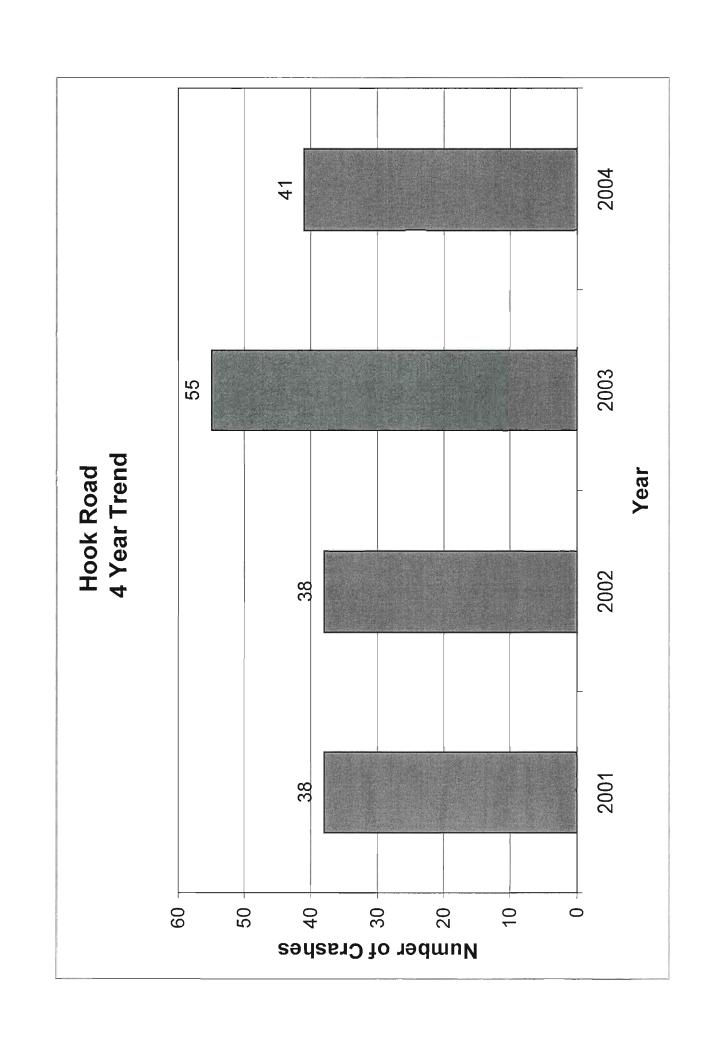
The opinions found in the findings of this Safety Audit report are those of the Safety Audit Team, as a whole, and not necessarily the opinions of the SJTPO or the individual team members.								

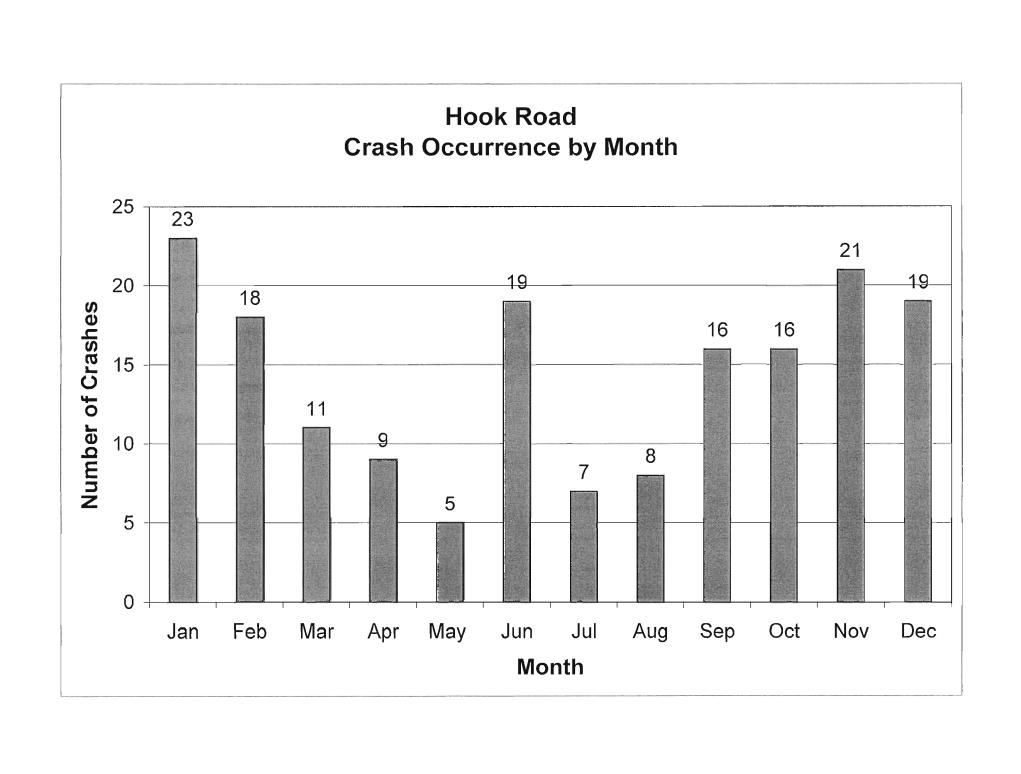
Appendix

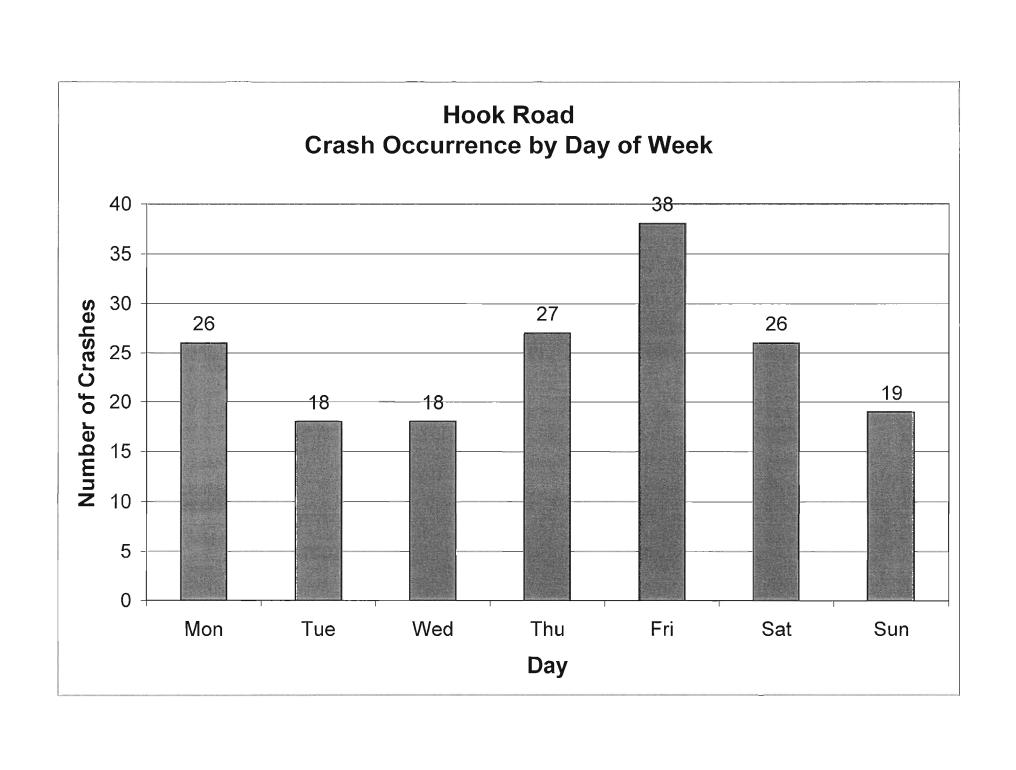
- Map of Hook Road
- Straight-line plan on which are plotted crashes, existing traffic control devices, and traffic volumes.
- Crash Data Summary Sheets
- Crash Data Charts
- Photographs
- Checklists

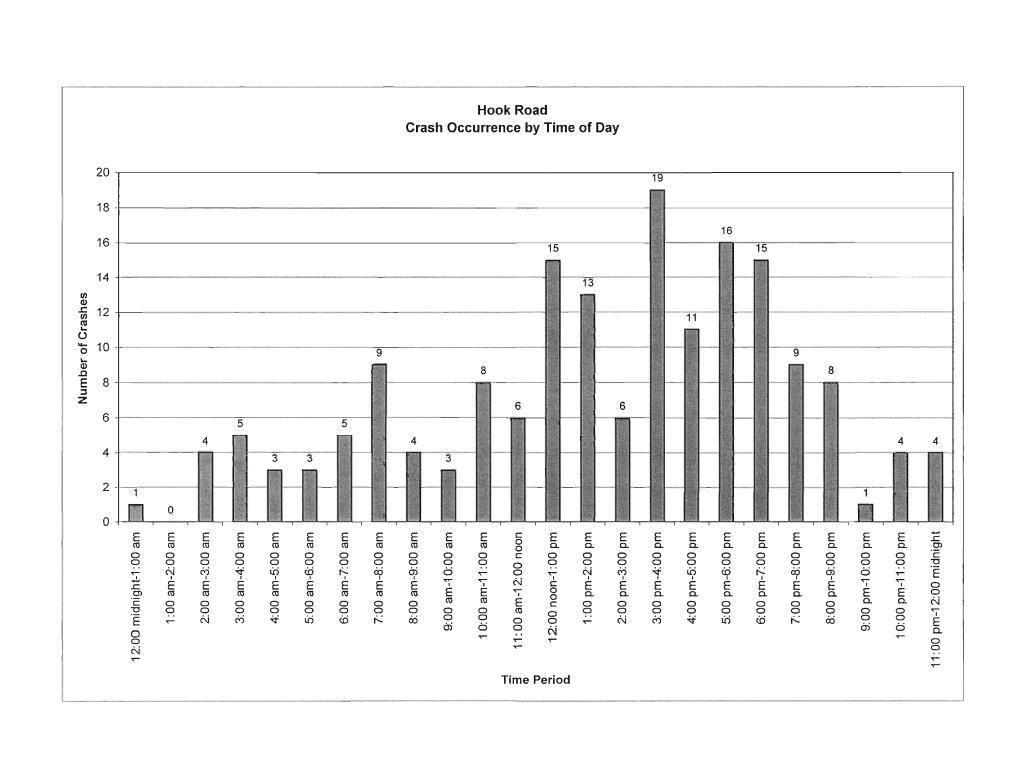


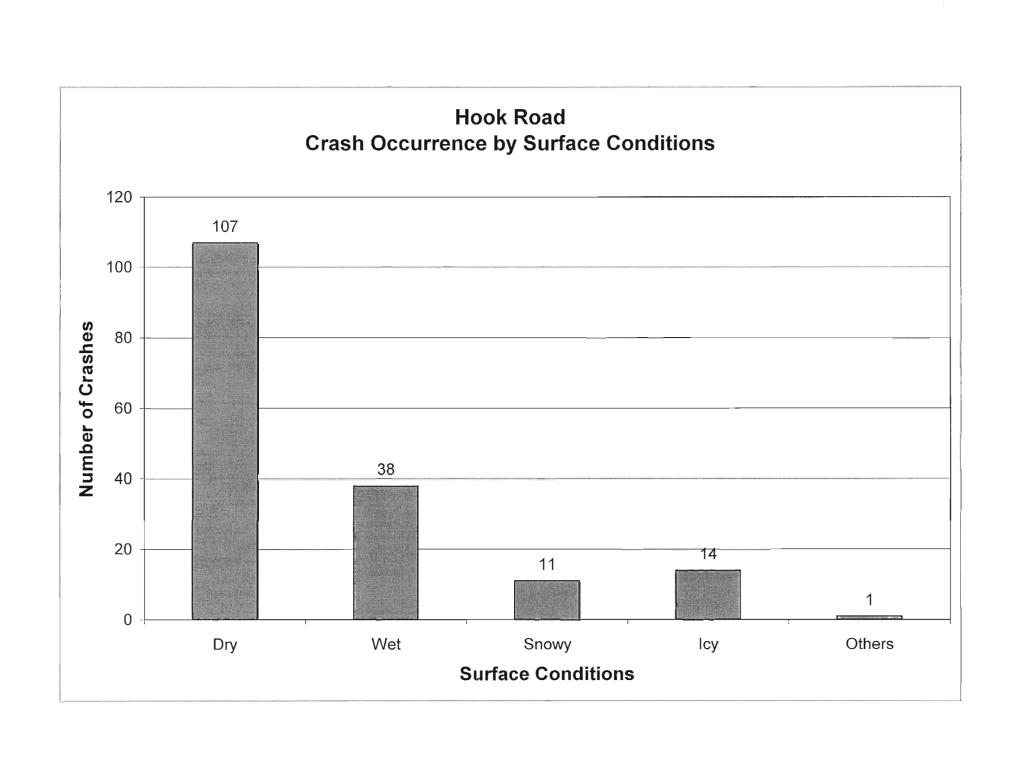


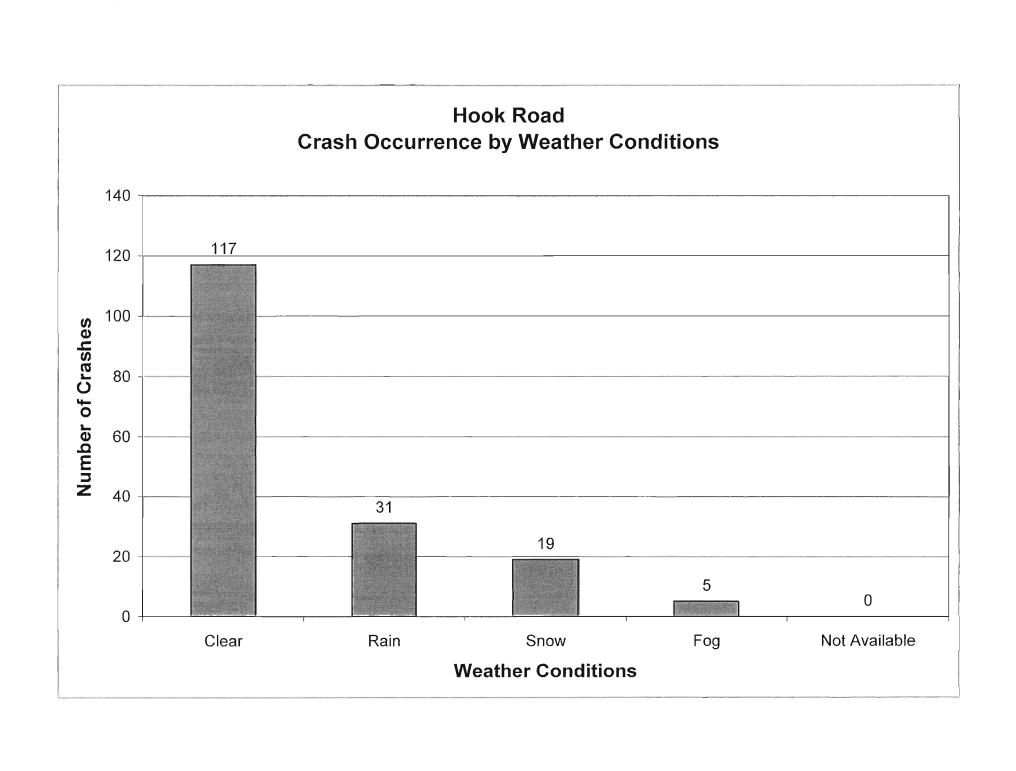


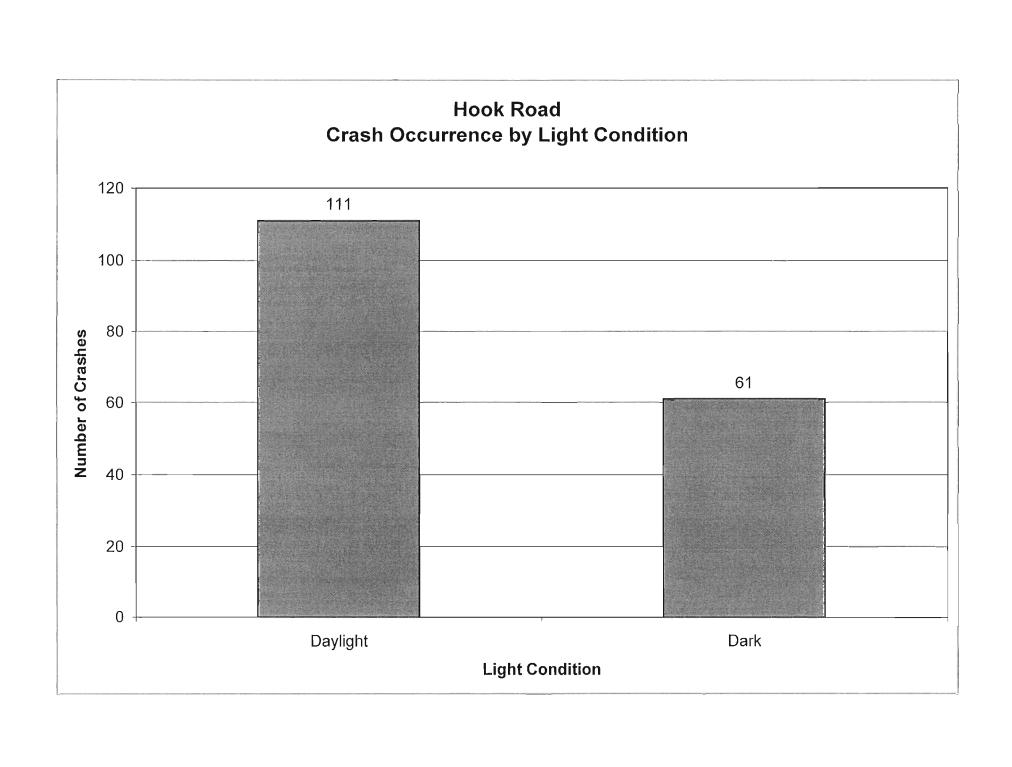


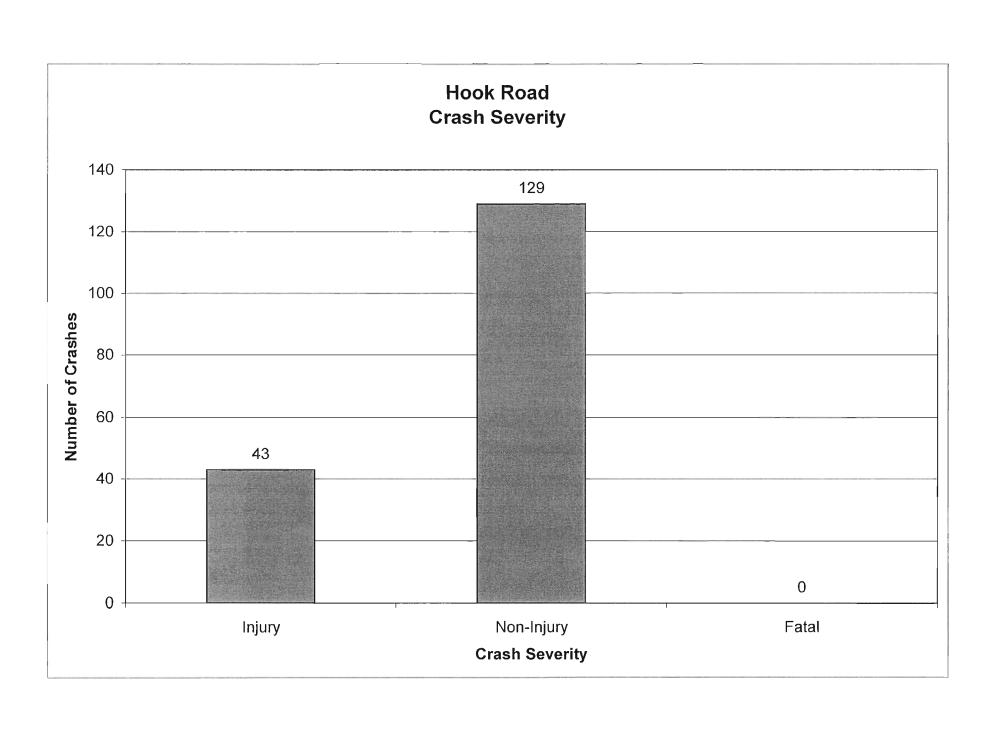


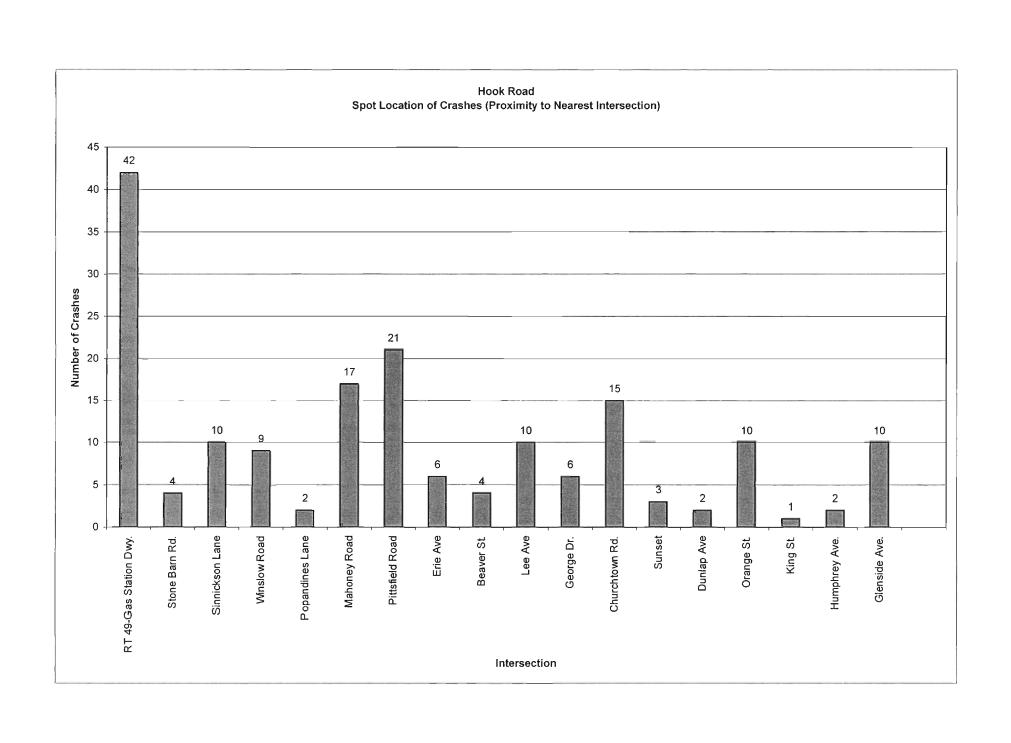




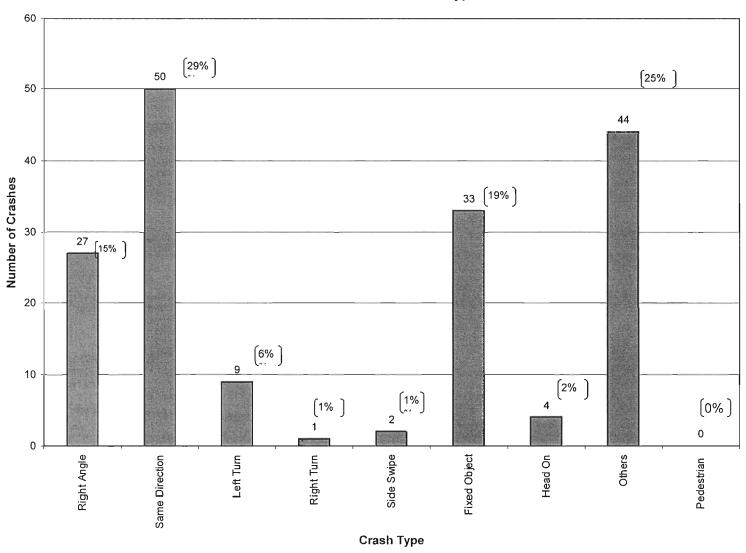








Hook Road Crash Type



HOOK ROAD (CR 551) CRASH SUMMARY 2001 TOTAL-38 CRASHES

Month

	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
-	<u>3</u>	4	4	4	2	<u>3</u>	3	1	7	2	3	<u>2</u>

	Time o	Day of	Week		
AM Midnight - Noon	Number of Crashes	PM Noon - Midnight	Number of Crashes		Number of Crashes
Midnight – 1:00	0	12:00-1300	5	Monday	7
1:00 - 2:00	0	1300-1400	5	Tuesday	4
2:00 - 3:00	0	1400-1500	1	Wednesday	4
3:00 - 4:00	1	1500-1600	3	Thursday	6
4:00 - 5:00	1	1600-1700	3	Friday	8
5:00 - 6:00	0	1700-1800	2	Saturday	4
6:00 - 7:00	2	1800-1900	3	Sunday	5
7:00 - 8:00	4	1900-2000	2		
8:00 - 9:00	1	2000-2100	1		
9:00 - 10:00	0	2100-2200	0		
10:00 - 11:00	1	2200-2300	0		
11:00 – 12 Noon	2	2300-2400	1		

Crash Caused By

Local Resident_14_County Resident_/_	State Resident_9	Out-oi-State Resident	6_ Unknown 2
DAY_29_ NIGHT 9_			

DRY_27__WET_8 SNOWY1__ ICY_2 OTHERS_0___

CLEAR__25 RAIN7_ SNOW 3_ FOG_3____

INJURY_11_ NON-INJURY_27_ FATAL 0

Right Angle	Same Direction	Left Turn	Right Turn	Side Swipe
5	19	3	0	0
Fixed Object	Head On	Other	Pedestrian	Bike

Parking Related 1_____

0

0

Hook Road (CR 551) CRASH SUMMARY 2002 TOTAL-38 CRASHES Month

Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
<u>4</u>	2	1	1	1	<u>5</u>	0	4	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>6</u>	3

	Time o	Day of	Week		
AM Midnight - Noon	Number of Crashes	PM Noon - Midnight	Number of Crashes		Number of Crashes
Midnight – 1:00	1	12:00-1300	1	Monday	6
1:00 - 2:00	0	1300-1400	3	Tuesday	6
2:00 - 3:00	0	1400-1500	0	Wednesday	5
3:00 - 4:00	2	1500-1600	8	Thursday	6
4:00 - 5:00	2	1600-1700	2	Friday	6
5:00 - 6:00	0	1700-1800	7	Saturday	5
6:00 - 7:00	0	1800-1900	4	Sunday	4
7:00 - 8:00	0	1900-2000	1		
8:00 - 9:00	1	2000-2100	1		
9:00 - 10:00	1	2100-2200	0		
10:00 - 11:00	0	2200-2300	1		
11:00 – 12 Noon	2	2300-2400	1		

Crash Caused By

Local Resident 16 County Resident 4	State Resident 7Out-of-State	Resident_9Unknown 2
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DAY <u>22</u> NIGHT 16

DRY_25_WET_ 10 SNOWY_3_ ICY_0_OTHERS_0

CLEAR_28_ RAIN_7 SNOW_3 FOG_0____

INJURY_7__ NON-INJURY_31_

Right Angle	Same Direction	Left Turn	Right Turn	Side Swipe
7	10	1	0	0
Fixed Object	Head On	Other	Pedestrian	Bike
6	0	12(9 struck deer)	0	0

Parking Related 1_____

HOOK ROAD (CR 551) CRASH SUMMARY 2003 TOTAL- 55 CRASHES Month

	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
•	8	<u>10</u>	<u>3</u>	1	2	<u>5</u>	4	0	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>6</u>	9

	Time o	Day of	Week		
AM Midnight - Noon	Number of Crashes	PM Noon - Midnight	Number of Crashes		Number of Crashes
Midnight – 1:00	0	12:00-1300	6	Monday	9
1:00 - 2:00	0	1300-1400	2	Tuesday	4
2:00 - 3:00	1	1400-1500	3	Wednesday	4
3:00 - 4:00	2	1500-1600	4	Thursday	9
4:00 - 5:00	0	1600-1700	4	Friday	14
5:00 - 6:00	1	1700-1800	5	Saturday	9
6:00 - 7:00	2	1800-1900	5	Sunday	6
7:00 - 8:00	1	1900-2000	4		
8:00 - 9:00	1	2000-2100	4		
9:00 - 10:00	2	2100-2200	0		
10:00 - 11:00	5	2200-2300	1		
11:00 – 12 Noon	2	2300-2400	0		

Crash Caused By

Local Resident 19 County Resident 14 State Resident 9 Out-of-State Resident 10 Unknown 3
DAY_35_ NIGHT_20 DRY_30WET10_SNOWY5_ ICY_9_ OTHERS1
CLEAR_34_ RAIN_9 SNOW_11 FOG1
INJURY_16 NON-INJURY_39

Right Angle	Same Direction	Left Turn	Right Turn	Side Swipe
7	10	4	0	1

Fixed Object	Head On	Other	Pedestrian	Bike
10	3	20 (10 struck deer)	0	0

Parking Related 1_____

HOOK ROAD (CR 551) CRASH SUMMARY 2004 TOTAL- 41 CRASHES Month

Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
<u>8</u>	2	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>	0	<u>6</u>	0	<u>3</u>	1	4	<u>6</u>	<u>5</u>

	Day of Week				
AM Midnight - Noon	Number of Crashes	PM Noon - Midnight	Number of Crashes		Number of Crashes
Midnight – 1:00	0	12:00-1300	3	Monday	4
1:00 - 2:00	0	1300-1400	3	Tuesday	4
2:00 - 3:00	3	1400-1500	2	Wednesday	5
3:00 - 4:00	0	1500-1600	4	Thursday	6
4:00 - 5:00	0	1600-1700	2	Friday	10
5:00 - 6:00	2	1700-1800	2	Saturday	8
6:00 - 7:00	1	1800-1900	3	Sunday	4
7:00 - 8:00	4	1900-2000	2		
8:00 - 9:00	1	2000-2100	2		
9:00 - 10:00	0	2100-2200	. 1		
10:00 - 11:00	2	2200-2300	2		
11:00 – 12 Noon	0	2300-2400	2		

Crash Caused By

Local Resident 14 County Resident 5	State Resident 9	Out-of-State Resident_10_Unknown 3
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DAY_25_ NIGHT_16

DRY_25___WET 10_SNOWY 3_ ICY_3 OTHERS_0___

CLEAR_30_ RAIN_8 SNOW_2 FOG__1___

INJURY_9 NON-INJURY_32__

Right Angle	Same Direction	Left Turn	Right Turn	Side Swipe
8	11	1	1	1

Fixed Object	Head On	Other	Pedestrian	Bike
12	0	7 (5 struck deer)	0	0

Parking Related 1_____

HOOK ROAD (CR 551) ACCIDENT SUMMARY 2001-2004 TOTAL-172 CRASHES

Month

Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
23	18	<u>11</u>	9	<u>5</u>	<u>19</u>	7	8	<u>16</u>	<u>16</u>	21	<u>19</u>

	Day of	Week			
AM Midnight - Noon	Number of Crashes	PM Noon - Midnight	Number of Crashes		Number of Crashes
Midnight – 1:00	1	12:00-1300	15	Monday	26
1:00 - 2:00	0	1300-1400	13	Tuesday	18
2:00 - 3:00	4	1400-1500	6	Wednesday	18
3:00 - 4:00	5	1500-1600	19	Thursday	27
4:00 - 5:00	3	1600-1700	11	Friday	38
5:00 - 6:00	3	1700-1800	16	Saturday	26
6:00 - 7:00	5	1800-1900	15	Sunday	19
7:00 - 8:00	9	1900-2000	9		
8:00 - 9:00	4	2000-2100	8		
9:00 - 10:00	3	2100-2200	1		
10:00 - 11:00	8	2200-2300	4		
11:00 – 12 Noon	6	2300-2400	4		

Crashes Caused By

Local Resident 63 County Resident 30 State Resident 34 Out-of-State Resident 35 Unknown 10

DAY 111 NIGHT 61

DRY 108 WET 38 SNOWY 11 ICY 14 OTHERS 1

CLEAR 117 RAIN 31 SNOW 19 FOG 5

INJURY 43 NON-INJURY 129 FATAL 0

Right Angle	Same Direction	Left Turn	Right Turn	Side Swipe
27	50	9	1	2
	1	1	1	1
Fixed Object	Head On	Other	Pedestrian	Bike



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P1010266.JPG



P1010265.JPG



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P1010270.JPG



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P1010271.JPG



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P1010286.JPG



P1010288.JPG

Route	Date
Safety Audit Stage 5	Operation/Existing Roads
Checklist 5-1	General Topics

Item	Issues to be Considered	Check	Comments
1 Landscaping	Is landscaping in accordance with guidelines (e.g., clearances, sight distance)?		
	Are required clearances and sight distances not likely to be restricted following future plant growth (landscaping and natural)?		
2 Parking	Are provisions for parking satisfactory in relation to traffic operations and safety?		
3 Temporary works	Are all locations free of construction or maintenance equipment, and any signing or temporary traffic control devices that are no longer required?		
4 Headlight glare	Have any problems due to headlight glare (e.g., two-way service road close to main traffic lanes) been addressed?		

Alignment and Cross Section

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Audit Team Members

Date -

Item	Issues to be Considered	Check	2 Comments
1 Visibility, sight distances	Is sight distance adequate for the speed of traffic using the route?		
	Is adequate sight distance provided for intersections, crossings (e.g., pedestrian, cyclist, cattle, railway) etc.?		
2 Design speed	Is the horizontal and vertical alignment suitable for the (85th percentile) traffic speed? If not:		
	(a) Are warning signs installed?		
	(b) Are advisory speed signs installed?		
	Are the posted advisory speeds for curves appropriate?		

Alignment and Cross Section

Project		
Audit Team Members		

Item	Issues to be Considered	Check	Comments
3 Overtaking	Are adequate passing opportunities provided?		
4 Readability by drivers	Are there any sections of roadway which may cause confusion e.g.:		
	(a) Is alignment of roadway clearly defined?		
	(b) Has disused pavement (if any) been removed or treated?		
	(c) Have old pavement markings been removed properly?		
	(d) Do streetlight and tree lines conform with the road alignment?		

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Alignment and Cross Section

Project	
Audit Team Members	

Item	Issues to be Considered	Check	Comments
5 Widths	Are all traffic lanes and roadway widths, including bridges, adequate?		
6 Shoulders	Are shoulder widths appropriate (e.g. for broken down or emergency vehicles)?		
	Are shoulders traversable for all vehicles and road users?		
	Is the shoulder cross slope sufficient to provide proper drainage?		
7 Side slopes	Are the side slopes and table drains safe for run off vehicles to traverse?		

Checklist 5-3	Intersections
Project	
Audit Team Members	
Date	

Item	Issues to be Considered	Check	Comment	Sin
1 Location	Are intersections located safely with respect to horizontal and vertical alignment?			
2 Warning	Where intersections occur at the end of high speed environments (e.g., at approaches to towns), are there traffic control devices to alert drivers?			
3 Controls	Are pavement markings and intersection control signing satisfactory?			
4 Layout	Is the alignment of curbs, traffic islands and medians satisfactory?			
	Is the intersection layout obvious to all users?			
	Are turning radii and tapers appropriate?			

Checklist 5-3	Intersections
Project	
Audit Team Members	
Date	<u> </u>

ltem	Issues to be Considered	Check	Comments
5 Visibility, sight distances	Is sight distance adequate for all movements and all users?		

Auxiliary Lanes and Turn Lanes

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Audit Team Members

Item	Issues to be Considered	Check	Comments
1 Tapers	Are starting and finishing tapers located and aligned correctly?		
2 Shoulders	Are appropriate shoulder widths provided at merges in accordance with design guidelines?		
3 Signs	Is signing and marking installed in accordance with standards?		
4 Turning traffic	Is there advance warning of the approaching auxiliary lane?		

Auxiliary Lanes and Turn Lanes

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Audit Team Members

Item	Issues to be Considered	Check	Comments
5 Visibility, sight distances	Have right turn movements within the length of the auxiliary lane been avoided?		
	Has stopping sight distance been provided to the rear of turning vehicles?		
	Has stopping sight distance been provided for entering and leaving vehicles?		

Non-Motorized Traffic

Project	,
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Audit Team Members

Date -

Items	Issues to be Considered	Check	Comments
1 Paths	Are there appropriate travel paths and crossing points for pedestrians and cyclists?		
2 Barriers and fencing	Where necessary, is fencing installed to guide pedestrians and cyclists to crossings or overpasses?	_	
	Is fencing of your design (e.g., avoid solid horizontal rails)?		
	Where necessary, is crash barrier installed to separate vehicle, pedestrian and cyclist flows?		
3 Bus stops	Are bus stops appropriately located with adequate clearance from the traffic lane for safety and visibility?		
4 Elderly and disabled	Are there adequate provisions for the elderly, the disabled, children, wheelchairs and baby carriages (e.g., holding rails, curb and median crossings, ramps)?		
	Where necessary, are hand rails provided (e.g., on bridges, ramps), and are they adequate?		

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Non-Motorized Traffic

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Audit Team Members

Item	Issues to be Considered	Check	Comments
Elderly and disabled (cont.)	Distance between stop line and pedestrian crossing at signalized intersections (for visibility of pedestrians from truck driver's seat).		
	Signal timing - cycle length - pedestrian clearance time - are pedestrian buttons operable?		
5 Cyclists	Is the pavement width adequate for the number of cyclists using the route?		
	Is the bicycle route continuous, i.e., free of squeeze points or gaps?		
	Are bicycle safe grates provided at drainage pits where necessary?		

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Signs and Lighting

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Audit Team Members

Item	Issues to be Considered	Check	Comments
1 Lighting	Is appropriate lighting installed at intersections, roundabouts, pedestrian and bicycle crossings, pedestrian refuges, etc?		
	Is all lighting operating satisfactorily?		
	Are the appropriate types of poles used for all locations and correctly installed (e.g. slip base at correct height, rigid poles protected if within clear zone)?		
	Are all locations free of any lighting which may conflict visually with traffic signals or signs?		
	Has lighting for signs, particularly overhead signs, been provided where necessary?		
2 Signs	Are all necessary regulatory, warning and direction signs (including detours) in place? Are they conspicuous?		
	Are there any redundant signs?		

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Signs and Lighting

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Audit Team Members

Item	Issues to be Considered	Check	Comments
Signs (cont.)	Are traffic signs in their correct locations, and properly positioned with respect to lateral clearance and height?		
	Are the correct signs used for each situation, and is each sign necessary?		
	Are signs placed so as not to restrict sight distance, particularly for vehicles?		
	Are all signs effective for all likely conditions (e.g. day, night, rain, fog, rising or setting sun, oncoming headlights, poor lighting)?		
	Do sign supports conform to guidelines?		
3 Marking and delineation	Have retroreflective markers been installed? Where colored markers are used, have they been installed correctly?		
	Is all necessary pavement marking installed?		
	Are pavement markings (center lines, edge lines, transverse lines) clearly visible and effective for all likely conditions (e.g. day, night, rain, fog, rising or setting sun, oncoming headlights, light colored pavement surface, poor lighting)?		

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Signs and Lighting

Project		
Audit Team Members		

Date _

Item	Issues to be Considered	Check	Comments
Marking and delineation (cont.)	On light colored pavement surfaces (e.g. concrete) are RRPMs used to simulate traffic lanes?		
	Has raised profile edge marking been provided where necessary (e.g. fatigue zones)?		
	Is delineation adequate and in accordance with guidelines (e.g. postmounted delineators, RRPMs, chevron alignment markers)?		
	Is delineation effective for all likely conditions (e.g. day, night, rain, fog, rising or setting sun, oncoming headlights)?		
	If chevron alignment markers are installed, have the correct types of markers been used?		
	Are vehicle paths through intersections delineated where required?		
	On truck routes, are reflective devices appropriate to driver's eye height?		

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Traffic Signals

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Audit Team Members

Item.	Issues to be Considered	Check	Comments
1 Operation	Are traffic signals operating correctly? Is the number and location of signal displays appropriate?		
2 Visibility	Are traffic signals clearly visible to approaching motorists?		
	Is the end of likely vehicle queues visible to motorists so that they may stop safely?		
	Have any visibility problems caused by the rising or setting sun been addressed?		
	Are signal displays shielded so that they can be seen only by the motorists for whom they are intended?		
	Where signal displays are not visible from an adequate distance, are signal warning signs and/or flashing lights installed?		
3 Other provisions	Where necessary, are there provisions for visually impaired pedestrians (e.g., audio-tactile push buttons, tactile markings)? Are they working?		
	Where necessary, are there provisions for elderly or disabled pedestrians (e.g., extended green phase, phase displacement)?		

Checklist 5-8	Physical Objects
Project	
Audit Team Members	
Date	

Item	Issues to be Considered	Check	Comments
1 Clear zone	Is a clear zone provided in accordance with the guidelines?	a diversion of a safe region and	Experimental consequence and management of the second of t
	Is the appropriate treatment or protection provided for any objects within the clear zone (e.g., slip-base or frangible poles, crash barrier, crash cushions, sloping culvert, headwalls)?		

Che	cki	list	<i>5-8</i>

Physical Objects

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Audit Team Members

Date _

Item	Issues to be Considered	Check	Comments
2 Crash barriers	Are safety barriers installed at all necessary locations, including on bridges, in accordance with guidelines?		
	Are the crash barrier systems suitable for the purpose?		
	Is the length of crash barrier at each installation adequate? Are the crash barriers correctly installed?		
	Are Guard Rail Energy Absorbing Terminals (GREAT) or crash cushions installed where necessary (e.g., off ramp, bridge piers)?		

Checklist 5-8	Physical Objects
Project	
Audit Team Members	
Date	

Item	Issues to be Considered	Check	Comments
Crash barriers (cont.)	Where works are subject to stage construction, are temporary barriers installed in accordance to guidelines?		
	Is there a safe run off area behind breakaway terminals?		
3 Fencing	Is pedestrian fencing where needed?		
	Is fencing in the clear zone free of separate horizontal rails?		
	Is there adequate delineation/visibility of barriers and fences at night?		

Checklist 5-9	Delineation
Project	
Audit Team Members	_
Date	

Item	Issues to be Considered	Check	Comments
1 Line markings	Are all line markings (center line, edge line, transverse lines) in good condition?		
2 Guide posts	Are guide posts correctly placed, clean, and visible?		
3 Raised and Recessed Pavement Markings	Are RPM's in good condition?		
4 Chevron Alignment Markers	Are Chevron Alignment Markers placed correctly, and used only according to standards?		

Checklist 5-10	Pavement
Project	
Audit Team Members	
Date	

Item	Issues to be Considered	Check	Comments
1 Pavement defects	Is the pavement free of defects (e.g., excessive roughness or rutting, potholes, etc.) which could result in safety problems (e.g., loss of steering control)?		
2 Skid resistance	Does the pavement appear to have adequate skid resistance, particularly on curves, steep grades and approaches to intersection? Has skid resistance testing been carried out where necessary?		
3 Ponding	Is the pavement free of areas where ponding or sheet flow of water may occur with resultant safety problems?		
4 Loose screenings	Is the pavement free of loose screenings?		